

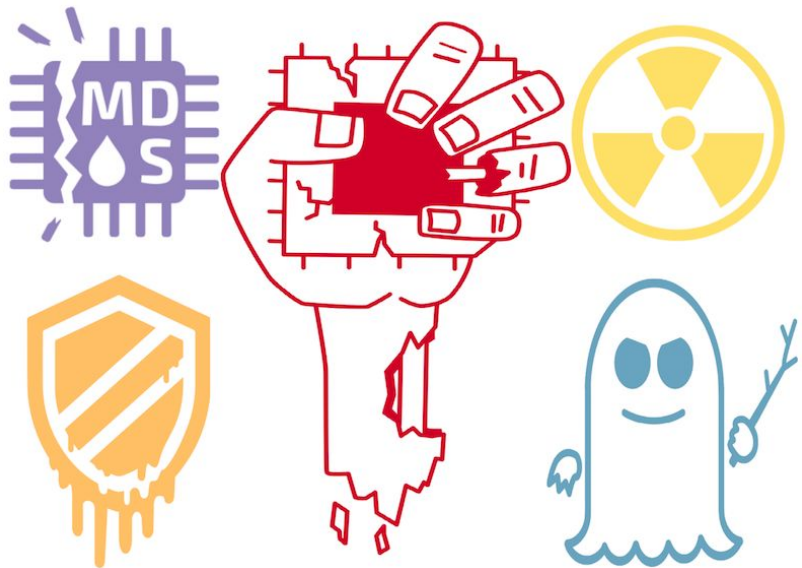


# Why Audit Your CPU?

Searching for Undocumented CPU Behavior

*Catherine Easdon*

# Undocumented Behavior



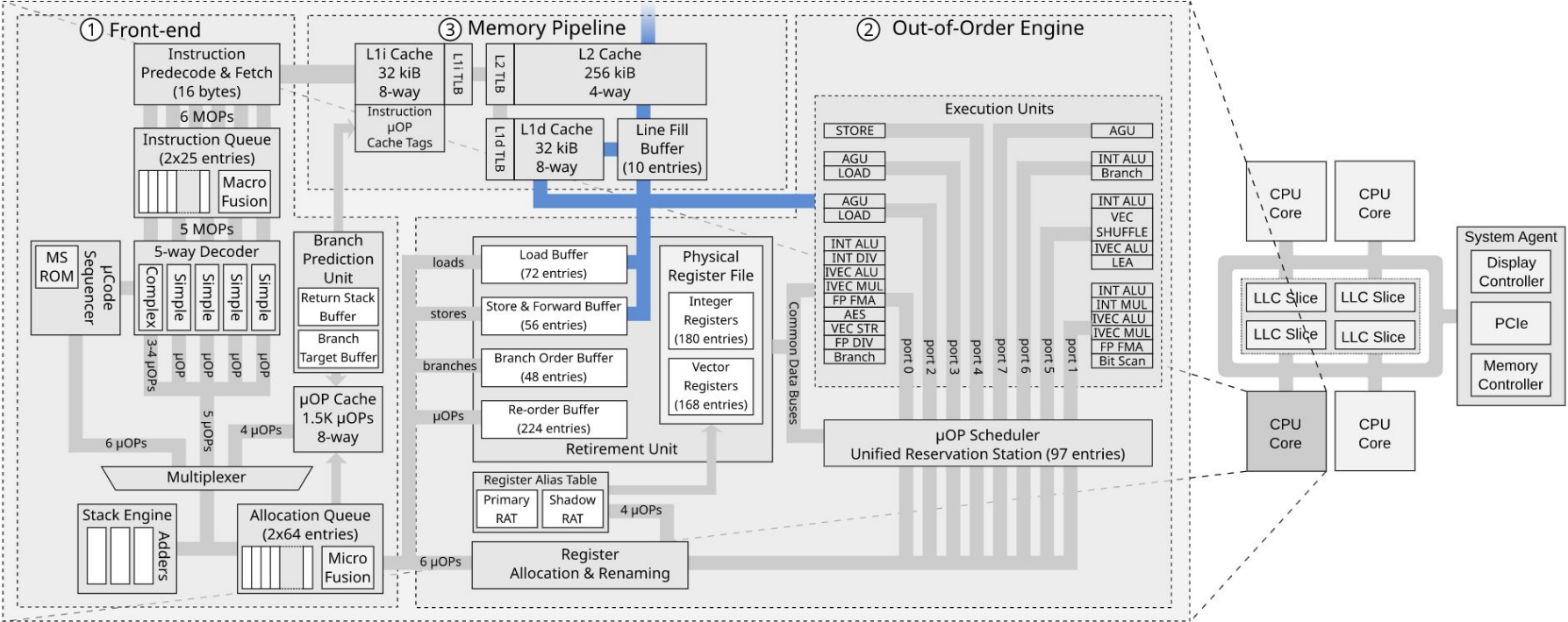
'Super-secret' debugger discovered in AMD CPUs

GOD MODE unlocked:  
Hardware backdoors in x86 CPUs

The ring 0 façade:  
awakening the processor's inner demons

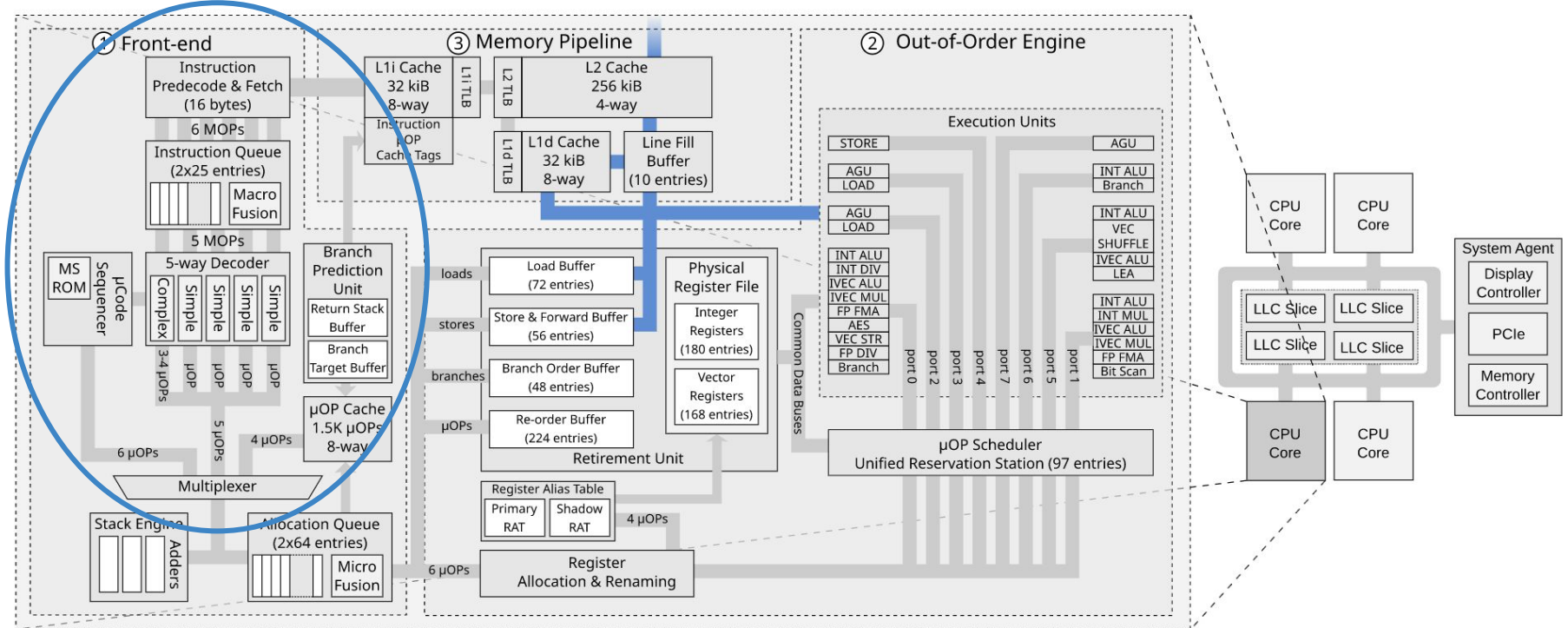
How to Hack a Turned-Off  
Computer, or Running  
Unsigned Code in  
Intel Management Engine

# Where Should We Look First?



# Where Should We Look First?

## Instructions!

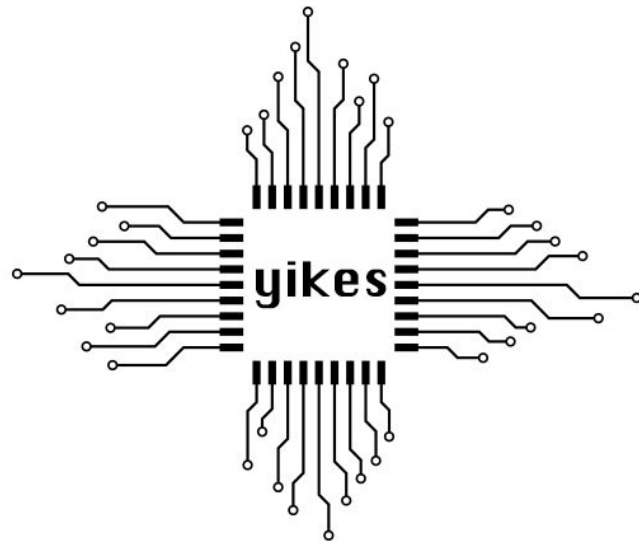


# Undocumented Instruction Behavior

What are we looking for?

- **“Halt-and-catch-fire” instructions**
- **Privilege escalation vulnerabilities**
- **Debug instructions + backdoors**
- **Malicious microcode, SMM, ME/PSP**
- **Logic or manufacturing bugs**
- **Side channels or exploitable transient effects**

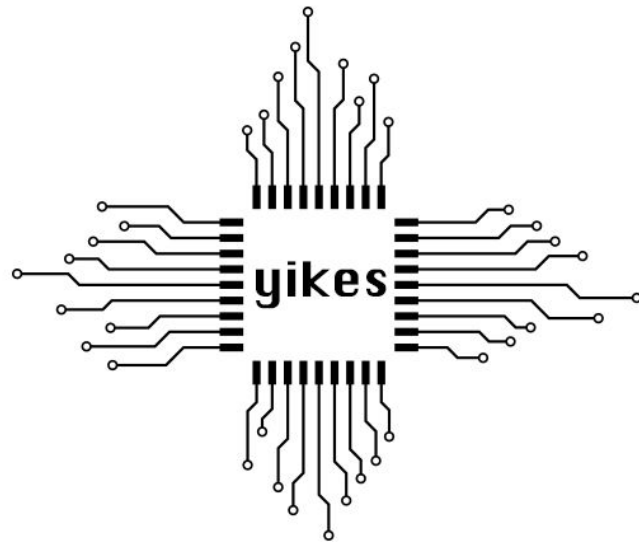
There are precedents for almost all of these!



# Undocumented Instruction Behavior

**Example:** 2048 undocumented instructions found on one microcontroller

- 2 undocumented user-mode encodings *requiring dedicated logic in the decoder*
- Modify register state, read main memory ... exploitability uncertain
- No response from manufacturer (>4mo)



# OpcodeTester

## Aims:

- Automate testing and analysis of undocumented instruction behavior (building on Sandsifter's concept)
- Make CPU auditing as normal + straightforward as a virus scan

**Currently supported:** Intel x86 32/64-bit, RISC-V 32/64-bit; Linux user-mode, kernel driver, RISC-V machine mode

**Future?** *Improve analysis*, AMD x86, ARM, SMM, ME/PSP, specialized processors; bootable, Windows, mobile

# Thank you for listening!

<https://github.com/cattius/opcodetester/>



# Image Attribution

Slide 1: <https://www.flickr.com/photos/130561288@N04/39793547952/>

Slide 2: <https://threatpost.com/behind-the-naming-of-zombieload-and-other-intel-spectre-like-flaws/144875/>

Slides 3-4: <https://mdsattacks.com/>

Slides 5-6: <https://blog.skyboxsecurity.com/intel-cpu-vulnerabilities-could-be-used-in-mds-attacks/>